Material Safety Data Sheet
Butyraldehyde, 99\%

MSDS\# 97116
Section 1 - Chemical Product and Company Identification
MSDS Name: Butyraldehyde, $99 \%$
Catalog Numbers: AC108090000, AC108090010, AC108090025, AC108090200, AC108091000
Synonyms:
Butanal; Butyl Aldehyde; Butal; Butyric Aldehyde.
Acros Organics BVBA
Janssen Pharmaceuticalaan 3a
2440 Geel, Belgium
Acros Organics
One Reagent Lane
Fair Lawn, NJ 07410
800-ACROS-01
+32 14 57 52 11
+32 14 57 52 99
201-796-7100
800-424-9300
$703-527-3887$

Section 2 - Composition, Information on Ingredients

CAS\#:
Chemical Name:
\%:
EINECS\#:

Hazard Symbols:


Risk Phrases:

123-72-8
Butyraldehyde
99.0

204-646-6

F

11

Section 3 - Hazards Identification
EMERGENCY OVERVIEW
Danger! May cause allergic respiratory reaction. Corrosive. Highly flammable. May cause central nervous system depression. May form explosive peroxides. Causes eye and skin burns. Causes digestive and respiratory tract burns. Target

Organs: Central nervous system, lungs.
Potential Health Effects
Eye: Causes eye burns.
Skin:
Causes skin burns. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident upon re-exposure to this material.

Ingestion: May cause severe gastrointestinal tract irritation with nausea, vomiting and possible burns. May cause central nervous system depression.
May cause severe irritation of the respiratory tract with sore throat, coughing, shortness of breath and delayed
Inhalation: lung edema. Exposure produces central nervous system depression. Inhalation may be fatal as a result of spasm, inflammation, edema of the larynx and bronchi, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary edema. May cause an

Chronic: Repeated inhalation may cause nasal and tracheal inflammation.

## Section 4 - First Aid Measures

Eyes: Get medical aid immediately. Do NOT allow victim to rub eyes or keep eyes closed. Extensive irrigation with water is required (at least 30 minutes).

Skin:

Ingestion:
Inhalation:
Get medical aid immediately. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Destroy contaminated shoes. Do not induce vomiting. If victim is conscious and alert, give 2-4 cupfuls of milk or water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical aid immediately.

Notes to
Physician:

General
Information:
Get medical aid immediately. Remove from exposure and move to fresh air immediately. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Do NOT use mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Extinguishing
Media:

## Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

As in any fire, wear a self-contained breathing apparatus in pressure-demand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent), and full protective gear. Vapors may form an explosive mixture with air. Vapors can travel to a source of ignition and flash back. During a fire, irritating and highly toxic gases may be generated by thermal decomposition or combustion. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool. Water may be ineffective. Material is lighter than water and a fire may be spread by the use of water. Flammable liquid and vapor. May form explosive peroxides. Vapors may be heavier than air. They can spread along the ground and collect in low or confined areas. May polymerize explosively when involved in a fire. Containers may explode when heated.
For small fires, use dry chemical, carbon dioxide, water spray or alcohol-resistant foam. Use water spray to cool fire-exposed containers. Water may be ineffective. For large fires, use water spray, fog or alcoholresistant foam. Do NOT use straight streams of water.
Autoignition
Temperature:
$230 \operatorname{deg} \mathrm{C}$ ( $446.00 \operatorname{deg} \mathrm{~F}$ )
Flash Point: - 12 deg C ( 10.40 deg F)
Explosion
Limits: Lower:
Explosion
2.5
12.5

Limits: Upper:
NFPA Rating: health: 3; flammability: 3; instability: 0;
Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures
General Information:

Use proper personal protective equipment as indicated in Section 8.
Absorb spill with inert material (e.g. vermiculite, sand or earth), then place in suitable container. Avoid runoff into storm sewers and ditches which lead to waterways. Clean up spills immediately, observing precautions in the Protective Equipment section. Scoop up with a nonsparking tool, then place into a suitable container for disposal. Use water spray to disperse the gas/vapor. Remove all sources of ignition. Provide ventilation.

## Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Wash thoroughly after handling. Wash thoroughly after handling. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Use only in a well-ventilated area. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Empty containers retain
Handling: product residue, (liquid and/or vapor), and can be dangerous. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Do not ingest or inhale. If peroxide formation is suspected, do not open or move container. Do not pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, or expose empty containers to heat, sparks or open flames.
Keep away from heat, sparks, and flame. Keep from contact with oxidizing materials. Keep under an argon blanket. Store in a cool, dry, well-ventilated area away from incompatible substances. Flammables-area. Keep
Storage: away from acids. Do not store near alkaline substances. Keep away from strong bases. After opening, purge container with nitrogen before reclosing. Periodically test for peroxide formation on long-term storage. Addition of water or appropriate reducing materials will lessen peroxide formation.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

OSHA Vacated PELs: Butyraldehyde: None listed
Engineering Controls:
Use process enclosure, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash facility and a safety shower.
Exposure Limits
Personal Protective Equipment
Eyes: Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166.
Skin: Wear appropriate protective gloves to prevent skin exposure.
Clothing: Wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent skin exposure.
Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a
Respirators: NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties
Physical State: Liquid
Color: clear, colorless
Odor: Pungent, nutty, suffocating odor.
pH : Not available
Vapor Pressure: $88.5 \mathrm{~mm} \mathrm{Hg} @ 20 \mathrm{C}$.
Vapor Density: 2.5
Evaporation Rate: Not available
Viscosity: Not available
Boiling Point: 76 deg $\mathrm{C}\left(168.80^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Freezing/Melting Point: $-99 \operatorname{deg} \mathrm{C}\left(-146.20^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
Decomposition Temperature: Not available
Solubility in water: Soluble in water.
Specific Gravity/Density: 0.8
Molecular Formula: C4H8O
Molecular Weight: 72.0554
Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Chemical Stability:

Conditions to Avoid:
Incompatibilities with Other Materials
Hazardous Decomposition
Products
Hazardous Polymerization

Stable under normal temperatures and pressures. Peroxide formation may occur in containers that have been opened and remain in storage.
High temperatures, mechanical shock, incompatible materials, ignition sources, strong oxidants.

Not available

Carbon monoxide, irritating and toxic fumes and gases, carbon dioxide.
May occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information
RTECS\#: CAS\# 123-72-8: ES2275000
RTECS:
CAS\# 123-72-8: Draize test, rabbit, eye: $20 \mathrm{mg} / 24 \mathrm{H}$ Moderate;
Inhalation, mouse: LC50 $=44610 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 / 2 \mathrm{H}$;
Inhalation, mouse: LC50 $=36000 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{m} 3 / 2 \mathrm{H}$;
LD50/LC50: Inhalation, rat: LC50 $=6400 \mathrm{ppm} / 4 \mathrm{H}$;
Oral, rat: LD50 $=2490 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$;

Oral, rat: LD50 $=5890 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{kg}$; Skin, rabbit: LD50 $=3560 \mathrm{uL} / \mathrm{kg}$;

Carcinogenicity: Butyraldehyde - Not listed as a carcinogen by ACGIH, IARC, NTP, or CA Prop 65.
Epidemiology: Not available
Teratogenicity: Not available
Reproductive: Not available
Neurotoxicity: Not available
Mutagenicity: Not available
Other: Not available

## Section 12 - Ecological Information

Fish: Fathead Minnow: LC50 = 16-25.8 mg/L; 96 Hr.; Unspecified
Ecotoxicity: Bacteria: Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 $=16.4-16.5 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L} ; 5$ minutes; Microtox test Bacteria: Phytobacterium phosphoreum: EC50 $=98.21-268 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{L} ; 5,15,30$ minutes; Microtox test

## Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. US EPA guidelines for the classification determination are listed in 40 CFR Parts 261.3. Additionally, waste generators must consult state and local hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification. RCRA P-Series: None listed. RCRA U-Series: None listed.

Section 14 - Transport Information

## US DOT

Shipping Name: BUTYRALDEHYDE
Hazard Class: 3
UN Number: UN1129
Packing Group: II
Canada TDG
Shipping Name: Not available
Hazard Class:
UN Number:
Packing Group:

## Section 15 - Regulatory Information

US Federal
TSCA
CAS\# 123-72-8 is listed on the TSCA Inventory.

Health \& Safety Reporting
List
Chemical Test Rules None of the chemicals in this product are under a Chemical Test Rule.
Section 12b None of the chemicals are listed under TSCA Section 12b.
TSCA Significant New Use
Rule
CERCLA Hazardous
Substances and
corresponding RQs
SARA Section 302
Extremely Hazardous None of the chemicals in this product have a TPQ.
Substances
SARA Codes CAS \# 123-72-8: acute, flammable.
Section 313
This material contains Butyraldehyde (CAS\# 123-72-8, $990 \%$ ),which is subject to the reporting requirements of Section 313 of SARA Title III and 40 CFR Part 372.

Clean Air Act: Pennsylvania, Minnesota, Massachusetts.

## California Prop 65

California No Significant
Risk Level:
None of the chemicals in this product are listed.

## European/International Regulations

European Labeling in Accordance with EC Directives
Hazard Symbols: F
Risk Phrases:
R 11 Highly flammable.
Safety Phrases:
S 9 Keep container in a well-ventilated place.
S 29 Do not empty into drains.
S 33 Take precautionary measures against static discharges.
WGK (Water Danger/Protection)
CAS\# 123-72-8: 1
Canada
CAS\# 123-72-8 is listed on Canada's DSL List
Canadian WHMIS Classifications: Not available
This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all of the information required by those regulations.
CAS\# 123-72-8 is listed on Canada's Ingredient Disclosure List
Section 16 - Other Information
MSDS Creation Date: 6/16/1999
Revision \#3 Date 10/03/2005

The information above is believed to be accurate and represents the best information currently available to us. However, we make no warranty of merchantibility or any other warranty, express or implied, with respect to such information, and we assume no liability resulting from its use. Users should make their own investigations to determine the suitability of the information for their particular purposes. In no event shall the company be liable for any claims, losses, or damages of any third party or for lost profits or any special, indirect, incidental, consequential, or exemplary damages howsoever arising, even if the company has been advised of the possibility of such damages.

